7/20/2015

21724-XXXX

SAFETY DATA SHEET

OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Mixture

Mixture

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier Chemical Name CAS No. Trade Name

Product Code 546 & 646 / M-Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified Use(s) Metalworking p

Uses Advised Against

Company Identification

Telephone Fax E-Mail (competent person)

Emergency telephone number Emergency Phone No. 546 & 646 / M-5356 vised against Metalworking product None

GRUMBACHER WORKABLE FIXATIVE

Chartpak, Inc. One River Road Leeds, MA 01053

(800) 628-1910 (413) 586-9339 info@chartpak.com

Transportation Emergency: CHEMTREC 24 hr. 1-800-424-9300 / 1 (703) 527-3887 (Collect calls accepted)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Label elements Hazard Symbol Flam. Aerosol 1; Liquefied gas; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Repr. 2; STOT SE 3; STOT RE 2; Asp. Tox. 1

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation - neuropsychological effects, auditory dysfunction and effects on colour vision)



Signal word(s) Hazard Statement(s)

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May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Extremely flammable aerosol.

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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Precautionary Statement(s)

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wash hands and exposed skin after use.

Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}/122$ $^{\rm o}{\rm F}.$ Harmful to aquatic life.

Other hazards

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Ingredient(s)	% wt. *	CAS No.	Hazard classification
			Flam. Liq. 2; H225
Acetone	40 - 50	67-64-1	Eye Irrit. 2; H319
			STOT SE 3; H336
	10 - 20	141-78-6	Flam. Liq. 2; H225
Ethyl Acetate	10 - 20	141-78-6	STOT SE 3: H336
Dransas	10 - 20	74.00.0	Flam. Gas 1; H220
Propane	10 - 20	74-98-6	Liquefied gas; H280
Dutana	10 - 20	100.07.0	Flam. Gas 1; H220
Butane	10 - 20	106-97-8	Liquefied gas; H280
			Flam. Liq. 3; H226
			Skin Irrit. 2; H315
			Eye Irrit. 2B; H319
Xylene	1 - 10	1330-20-7	Asp. Tox. 1; H304
			STOT SE 3: H336
			Aquatic Acute 2; H401
		100.00.1	Flam. Lig. 3; H226
n-Butyl Acetate	1 - 10	123-86-4	STOT SE 3; H336
			Flam. Liq. 2; H225
			Repr. 2; H361
			Skin Irrit. 2; H315
			Eye Irrit. 2; H319
Toluene	1 - 10	108-88-3	Asp. Tox. 1; H304
			STOT SE 3; H336
			STOT RE 2; H373
			Aquatic Acute 2; H401
			Aquatic Chronic 3; H412
			Flam. Liq. 2; H225
			Acute Tox. 4; H332
Ether die service of	1 - 10	100-41-4	Asp. Tox. 1; H304
Ethyl benzene	1 - 10	100-41-4	STOT RE 2; H373
			Aquatic Acute 2; H401
			Aquatic Chronic 3; H412
			Flam. Liq. 2; H225
Isopropanol	< 5	67-63-0	Eye Irrit. 2; H319
			STOT SE 3; H336
			Flam. Liq. 2; H225
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	< 5	78-93-3	Eye Irrit. 2; H319
, , ,			STOT SE 3: H336

Additional Information - None

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 * The exact percentage withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

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Description of first aid measures	
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen. If symptoms develop, obtain medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash affected skin with soap and water. If symptoms develop, obtain medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Eye Contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical treatment. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Aspiration of droplets may cause pulmonary oedema. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	
Extinguishing Media	
-Suitable Extinguishing Media -Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray. Do not use water jet.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Pressurised container: May burst if heated
Advice for fire-fighters	A self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing should be worn in fire conditions. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire.
SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEAS	URES
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors.
Environmental precautions	Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and work pits.
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Cover spills with inert absorbent material. Transfer to a container for disposal or recovery.
Reference to other sections Additional Information	None None
SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE	
Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use product in a well-ventilated area only. Avoid breathing spray.

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

-Storage temperature

Keep in a cool, well ventilated place. Store at temperatures not

-Incompatible materials

exceeding 50 °C / 122 °F.

This product should be stored away from sources of strong heat or oxidizing chemicals.

Specific end use(s)

Metalworking product

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

		(8hr TWA)		(ST		
SUBSTANCE.	CAS No.	PEL (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)	PEL (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)	Note:
Acetone	67-64-1	1000 ppm	250 ppm		500 ppm	
Toluene	108-88-3	200 ppm	20 ppm	300 ppm*		*10-min. Ceiling
Propane	74-98-6	1000 ppm	Aspyx.#			#
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	100 ppm	20 ppm			
Xylene	1330-20-7	100 ppm	100 ppm		150 ppm	
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	150 ppm	150 ppm		200 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	200 ppm	200 ppm		300 ppm	
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	400 ppm	400 ppm			
Isopropanol	67-63-0	400 ppm		200 ppm	400 ppm	

[#]Assure minimum oxygen content of work atmosphere.

Recommended monitoring method

Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls

Personal protection equipment

Eye/face protection



Skin protection (Hand protection/ Other)



Respiratory protection



Thermal hazards

Environmental Exposure Controls

NIOSH 1300 (Ketones I); NIOSH 1500 (hydrocarbons, B.P. 36 - 126 °C); NIOSH 1501 (Hydrocarbons, Aromatic); NIOSH 1401 (Alcohols II), NIOSH 1450 (Esters I), NIOSH 1457 (Ethyl Acetate)

Provide adequate ventilation to ensure that the occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses).

Wear suitable gloves if prolonged skin contact is likely. Check with protective equipment manufacturer's data.

Normally no personal respiratory protection is necessary. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Check with protective equipment manufacturer's data.

Not normally required. Use gloves with insulation for thermal protection, when needed.

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and work pits.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties
Appearance
Color.
Odor
Odor Threshold (ppm)
pH (Value)
Melting Point (°C) / Freezing Point (°C)
Boiling point/boiling range (°C):
Flash Point (°C)
Evaporation Rate
Flammability (solid, gas)
Explosive Limit Ranges
Vapor pressure (Pascal)
Vapor Density (Air=1)
Density (g/ml)
Solubility (Water)
Solubility (Other)
Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/water)
Auto Ignition Point (°C)
Decomposition Temperature (°C)
Kinematic Viscosity
Explosive properties
Oxidizing properties
Other information

Aerosol spray Clear Hydrocarbon Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Extremely flammable aerosol. 2.1% - 9.5% v/v (Propane) ca. 95 x 10⁴ (Propane) ca. 1.56 @ 0°C (Propane) Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available <20 mm2/s @ 40°C Not explosive. Not oxidizing.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reactions Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition product(s) Stable under normal conditions. Stable. None anticipated. Avoid contact with heat and ignition sources. Strong oxidizing agents Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Acrid smoke

Not available

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact

Information on toxicologica	al effects				
Acetone (CAS No. 67-64-1)					
Acute toxicity		Oral LD50 = 5800 mg/kg (rat) Dermal LD50 >15800 mg/kg (rabbit) Inhalation LC50 76 mg/L (4 hour(s)) (rat) - Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.			
Irritation / Corrosivity		Causes serie dryness or c	, ,	eated exposure may cause skin	
Sensitisation		It is not a sk	in sensitiser.		
Repeated dose toxicity		Oral NOAEL = 900 mg/kg/day (rat) (90-days) Inhalation NOAEL <u>></u> 19,000 ppm (rat)			
Carcinogenicity		It is unlikely to present a carcinogenic hazard to man.			
NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA	NIOSH	

NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA	NIOSH
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Mutagenicity

Negative

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Toxicity for reproduction Other information Negative None known. Toluene (CAS No. 108-88-3) Acute toxicity Acute toxicity Oral LD50 = 5580 mg/kg (rat) Dermal LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (rabbi Inhalation LC50 (4 hour(s)) 28.1 r drowsiness and dizziness. Irritation / Corrosivity Causes serious eye irritation. Cau Sensitisation It is not a skin sensitiser. Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation NOAEC = 1131 mg/m ³ damage to organs through prolon neuropsychological effects, audite colour vision. Carcinogenicity It is unlikely to present a carcinog No. No. No. No. Mutagenicity There is no evidence of mutageni Suspected of damaging the unbo (rat) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS No. 78-93-3) Acute toxicity Oral LD50 = 3460 mg/kg (rat) Dermal LD50 > 10 m/kg (rabbit) Inhalation LC50 > 5041 ppm (6 ho drowsiness and dizziness.	ng/l (rat) - Vapours may cause uses skin irritation. (rat), 2 Year(s) - May cause ged or repeated exposure: ory dysfunction and effects on		
Acute toxicity Oral LD50 = 5580 mg/kg (rat) Dermal LD50 >5000 mg/kg (rabbi Inhalation LC50 (4 hour(s)) 28.1 r drowsiness and dizziness. Irritation / Corrosivity Causes serious eye irritation. Cau Sensitisation Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation NOAEC = 1131 mg/m ³ damage to organs through prolon neuropsychological effects, audito colour vision. Carcinogenicity It is unlikely to present a carcinog NTP IARC ACGIH OSHA No. No. No. No. Mutagenicity There is no evidence of mutageni (rat) Suspected of damaging the unbo (rat) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (CAS No. 78-93-3) Acute toxicity Oral LD50 = 3460 mg/kg (rat) Dermal LD50 >10 ml/kg (rabbit) Inhalation LC50 >5041 ppm (6 hor	ng/l (rat) - Vapours may cause uses skin irritation. (rat), 2 Year(s) - May cause ged or repeated exposure: ory dysfunction and effects on enic hazard to man. NIOSH		
Irritation / Corrosivity Causes serious eye irritation. Causes eye irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes eye issues expected of an agent of the colour vision. It is unlikely to present a carcinog eye irritatite expected of an eye irritation. Causes eye i	(rat), 2 Year(s) - May cause ged or repeated exposure: ory dysfunction and effects on enic hazard to man. NIOSH		
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	ur(s)) (rat) - Vapours may cause		
Irritation / CorrosivityCauses serious eye irritation. UnlSensitisationIt is not a skin sensitiser.	kely to cause skin irritation.		
Repeated dose toxicity Inhalation NOAEL ≥ 5041 ppm (ra	at)		
Carcinogenicity It is unlikely to present a carcinog	enic hazard to man.		
NTP IARC ACGIH OSHA	NIOSH		
No. No. No. No.	No.		
MutagenicityNegativeToxicity for reproductionNegativeOther informationNone known.			
Isopropanol (CAS# 67-63-0): Oral: LD50 = 5.84 g/kg (rat) Acute toxicity Dermal: LD50 = 16.4 ml/kg (rabbi Inhalation: LC50 > 1000 ppm (rat) drowsiness and dizziness.			
Irritation / CorrosivityIrritating to eyes.SensitisationIt is not a skin sensitizer.			
Repeated dose toxicityNOAEL = 5,000 ppm (Inhalation) and dizziness.	NOAEL = 5,000 ppm (Inhalation) - Vapours may cause drowsines and dizziness.		
Carcinogenicity It is unlikely to present a carcinog	- Vapours may cause drowsiness		
NTP IARC ACGIH OSHA			
No. No. No. No.			

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Mutagenicity Toxicity for reproduction Other information

Ethyl benzene (CAS# 100-41-4):

There is no evidence of mutagenic potential. No information available None known.

A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans (ACGIH[®]). IARC Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toluene (CAS No. 108-88-3)

Acute toxicity

Long Term Toxicity

Xylene (CAS No. 1330-20-7)

Acute toxicity (By analogy with similar materials)

Long Term

Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Other adverse effects LC50 (96 hour): 5.5 mg/l (*Oncorhynchus kisutch*) EC50 (48 hour): 3.78 mg/l (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*) EC50 (3 hour): 134 mg/l (Algae)

NOEC (40 days): 1.39 mg/l (*Oncorhynchus kisutch*) NOEC (7 days): 0.74 mg/l (*Ceriodaphnia dubia*)

LC50 (96 hour) = 2.6 mg/l (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) IC50 (24 hour(s)) = 1 mg/l (*Daphnia magna*) EC50 (73 hour(s)) = 1.9 mg/l (*Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata*)

IC50 (24 hour(s)) = 1 mg/l (*Daphnia magna*)

Biodegradable The product has no potential for bioaccumulation. Not available. Not classified as PBT or vPvB. None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Consult an accredited waste disposal contractor or the local authority for advice.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	U.S. DOT	Sea transport (IMDG)	Air transport <u>(ICAO/IATA)</u>
UN number	1950	1950	1950
Proper Shipping Name	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Environmental hazards	None assigned	None assigned	None assigned
Special precautions for user	None assigned	None assigned	None assigned
Transport in bulk according to Annex	II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC	Code: Not applicable	

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) - Inventory Status: All components listed or polymer exempt. Designated Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.	RQ (Pounds)
Acetone	67-64-1	40 - 50	5000

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Toluene	108-88-3	1 - 10	1000
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	< 5	5000
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	1 - 10	5000
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	10 - 20	5000
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - 10	1000

SARA 311/312 - Hazard Categories:

🖾 Fire 🛛 Sudden Release 🗌 Reactivity 🖾 Immediate (acute) 🛛 Chronic (delayed)

SARA 313 - Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.
Toluene	108-88-3	1 - 10
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 - 10
Isopropanol	67-63-0	< 5

SARA 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances(40 CFR 355):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.	TPQ (pounds)
None			

California Proposition 65 List:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Type of Toxicity
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental, Female Reproductive
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	Cancer
Benzene*	71-43-2	Cancer; Female Reproductive
Cumene*	98-82-8	Cancer

*Trace to none.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16. Date of preparation: July 9, 2015

Hazard Statement(s) and Risk Phrases Listed in: SECTION 3:

Hazard Statement(s)

- H220: Extremely flammable gas.
- H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
- H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332: Harmful if inhaled.
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H401: Toxic to aquatic life.
- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Training advice: None.

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