SAFETY DATA SHEET

01033-1029



Date of issue/Date of revision

23 April 2019

Version 10

Section 1. Identification

Product name : HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Product code : 4411010

Other means of : Not available. identification

Identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Manufacturer : PPG Industries, Inc.

One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272 (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)

Emergency telephone

number

(514) 645-1320 (Canada)

01-800-00-21-400 or + 52 55 5559 1588 (Mexico)

Technical Phone Number : (740) 363-9610 (DELAWARE, OH) 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. EST

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 21.6% (Oral), 22.8% (Dermal), 22.8% (Inhalation)

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

GHS label elements

United States Page: 1/14

Item Numbers: 01033-1029 Page 1 of 14

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements Flammable liquid and vapor. May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed.

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

Storage : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. **Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Product name : HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
Mica-group minerals	≥5.0 - ≤10	12001-26-2
2-butoxyethanol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	111-76-2
propane-1,2-diol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	57-55-6
dibutyl phthalate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	84-74-2

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

United States	Page: 2/14

Page 2 of 14 Item Numbers: 01033-1029

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing,

Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

United States Page: 3/14

Item Numbers: 01033-1029 Page 3 of 14

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

metal oxide/oxides

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

: Mammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

United States Page: 4/14

Item Numbers: 01033-1029 Page 4 of 14

Product code 4411010

Date of issue 23 April 2019

Version 10

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Special precautions

: If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

United States Page: 5/14

Item Numbers: 01033-1029 Page 5 of 14

Product code 4411010 Date of issue 23 April 2019 Version 10 **Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
tranium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Mica-group minerals	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 20 mppcf 8 hours.
-butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
propane-1,2-diol	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³
dibutyl phthalate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Key to abbreviations

Α	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	 Potential skin absorption
ACGIH	 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. 	SR	 Respiratory sensitization
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	= Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	STEL	= Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	 Occupational Safety and Health Administration. 	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average
Z	= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances		

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

Recommended monitoring: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

United States Page: 6/14

Page 6 of 14 Item Numbers: 01033-1029

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection **Hand protection**

Gloves

: Safety glasses with side shields.

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected Other skin protection

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate,

certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. : White. Color

Odor : Not available. Not available **Odor threshold** Not available. **Melting point** : Not available.

: >37.78°C (>100°F) **Boiling point**

Flash point : Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)

Material supports

combustion.

Yes.

: Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature**

United States Page: 7/14

Page 7 of 14 Item Numbers: 01033-1029

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature: Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive

: Not available. : Not available.

(flammable) limits **Evaporation rate**

Vapor pressure

Vapor density

: Not available. : Not available. : Not available.

Relative density Density (lbs/gal) : 1.27

Solubility

: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Viscosity

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)

Volatility : 72% (v/v), 56.054% (w/w)

43.946 % Solid. (w/w)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

United States Page: 8/14

Page 8 of 14 Item Numbers: 01033-1029

Product code 4411010 Date of issue 23 April 2019 Version 10 **Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER**

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1060 mg/kg	_
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	_
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	_
dibutyl phthalate	LD50 Oral	Rat	7499 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	28 days
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	21 days

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin **Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary **Classification**

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Intanium dioxide 2-butoxyethanol	-	2B 3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
dibutyl phthalate	-	-	-	Rat	Oral	-

Conclusion/Summary

Teratogenicity

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

United States Page: 9/14

Page 9 of 14 Item Numbers: 01033-1029

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

<u>Target organs</u>: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous

system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, spleen, lymphatic system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin,

bone marrow, eye, lens or cornea, testes.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Contains isothiazolinones. May cause allergic reaction. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic

United States Page: 10/14

Item Numbers: 01033-1029 Page 10 of 14

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Section 11. Toxicological information

solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

Mutagenicity: blooksowen significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: May damage the unborn child.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Ø ral	9882.7 mg/kg
Dermal	21958.8 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	227.9 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	31.07 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide 2-butoxyethanol	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1474 mg/l Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish Fish	48 hours 96 hours 21 days
dibutyl phthalate	LC50 0.85 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours 72 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2 -butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily

United States Page: 11/14

Item Numbers: 01033-1029 Page 11 of 14

Product code 4411010	Date of issue 23 April 2019	Version 10
Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER		
Section 12. Ecological information		

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
propane-1,2-diol	-0.92	-	low
dibutyl phthalate	4.5	165.96	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	₿ 62.07	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(dibutyl phthalate)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

United States Page: 12/14

Item Numbers: 01033-1029 Page 12 of 14

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

14. Transport information

Additional information

: This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. DOT

Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as

hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.

IMDG : None identified. **IATA** : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

Listed sodium nitrite

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable. **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification	
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	
2-butoxyethanol ≥1.0 - ≤5.0		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4	
_		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4	
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	
dibutyl phthalate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2	

SARA 313

CAS number Chemical name **Concentration**

Supplier notification 2-butoxyethanol 111-76-2 1 - 5

dibutyl phthalate 84-74-2 0.5 - 1.5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

United States Page: 13/14

Page 13 of 14 Item Numbers: 01033-1029

Product name HI BUILD WHITE PRIMER

Section 15. Regulatory information

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

MARNING: Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 * Flammability: 2 Physical hazards: 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue : 2/7/2019
Organization that prepared : EHS

the MSDS

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

United States

Page: 14/14

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

Item Numbers: 01033-1029 Page 14 of 14